

AIMS Sénégal - March 2022

Numerical Optimization catching up exam Allotted time : 2h

The students are allowed to have a one side A4 sheet of course notes.

This sheet must be returned with the assignment

Exercise 1 We consider the function from \mathbb{R}^2 into \mathbb{R}

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2}(x_1 + x_2)^2 + \frac{1}{2}(x_1 - 1)^2 + \frac{1}{2}(x_2 - x_1)^2.$$

1. Compute the gradient $\nabla f(x)$ and the Hessian $Hf(x)$.
2. Show that f has a unique global minimum at x^* . Compute x^* and $f(x^*)$.
3. Let $\hat{x} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$. Compute $\nabla f(\hat{x})$. Show that $\hat{d} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$ is a descent direction at \hat{x} .
4. Compute the minimum of the function $h_1 : \mathbb{R}^+ \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

$$h_1(\alpha) = f(\hat{x} + \alpha\hat{d}).$$

5. Compute $d^* = -Hf(\hat{x})^{-1}\nabla f(\hat{x})$. What can you say about this direction? Is it possible to join x^* starting from \hat{x} in one step?

Exercise 2 Consider the map $f : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, $f(x) = x_1 - x_2$ and the minimization problem

$$\text{Find } \inf f(x) \text{ under constraint } x_1^2 + x_2^2 = 4.$$

1. Draw a sketch to illustrate the problem : draw the admissible domain D_a and the level curves $f^{-1}(c)$ for $c \in \{-1, 0, 1\}$.
2. Does the problem have a solution (justify your answer)?
3. Show that the Local Extrema Theorem hypotheses are satisfied.
4. Compute the solution using this theorem. Add the point x^* on your drawing.

Exercise 3 Consider the function $f : \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$, $f(x) = x_1^2 + (x_2 - 1)^2$ and the minimization problem :

$$\text{Find } \inf f(x) \text{ under constraints } x_1 + x_2 \leq 0 \text{ and } x_1 - x_2 \leq 0.$$

1. Draw a sketch to illustrate the problem : draw the admissible domain D_a and the level curves $f^{-1}(c)$ for $c \in \{0, 1, 4\}$.
2. Does the problem have a solution (justify your answer)?
3. Show that the hypotheses of the Karush-Kuhn-Tucker theorem are satisfied.
4. Find the points and Lagrange multipliers satisfying the KKT conditions.
5. Give the value of $p^* = \inf_{D_A} f(x)$. Where is it reached? Which constraints are active at x^* ? Add this point on your drawing.